TECHNICAL BULLETIN Takasago Zero Internal Volume Option

Prevents Cross-Contamination, Reduces Sample And Reagent Volumes

TYPICAL APPLICATIONS

The internal volume is the space between the isolation diaphragm and the valve body. When the valve closes, this volume is trapped, often reducing the sensitivity of the instrument. In a conventional valve seat design, the protruding valve seat is hard and prevents the Teflon diaphragm from flattening against the valve body.

In the zero internal volume system, a special soft inert elastomer (perfluoroelastomer) is used for the valve seat. When the valve closes the soft protrusion presses flat, eliminating the internal volume.



Takasago Diaphragm Pumping Volume

Typical Pumping Volume μl				
<u>Model</u> MTV- 3 way	<u>Port</u> Comm. N.C. N.O.	<u>On</u> -0.64 -0.64 0.00	<u>Off</u> -0.34 +2.01 -0.034	
EXAKN- 3 way	Comm. N.C. N.O.	+0.015 +0.007 0.000	-0.015 0.000 0.000	





Typical Takasago Teflon Valve

CROSS- CONTAMINATION PREVENTION FASTER FLUSHING PERFECT EJECTION OF AIR BUBBLES REDUCE USE OF SAMPLE AND REAGENTS

FEATURES

The zero internal volume option is available for 2-way valve model types STV and MTV.

Model	Type In	ternal Volun	ne
MTV	Conventional	87 µl	
MTV	Zero Internal Volu	ume *34µl	
STV	Conventional	87µl	
STV	Zero Internal Volu	ume *16µl	

*Passage Volumes Only

